Literal Meanings - Fill in the following words in the definitions below:

wade	jargon cover leaf tripe dip load twist print grip		
ı. Anotl	ner word for a page in a book is a		
2. Befor	re getting into a bath, to test the temperature, you your toes into the water.		
3. If you	are walking in water which is knee-deep, you through it.		
4. The o	outside part of a book is called the		
5. I don	't like mountain roads. They and turn very sharply.		
6. Some	ething which is written in uses too many difficult or technical words for no good reason.		
7. Anot	ner word for a lot of is a of.		
8. Peop	le with poor eyesight can get special books which use large		
9. Whe	n you cook the stomach of a cow, it is called		
	d on to something very tightly and you it.		
Match t	he comments with these different kinds of reading material:		
a, a nov	el b, a reference book c, a teenage magazine d, a legal document		
1)	My boyfriend thinks it's just a load of tripe!		
2)	I had to wade through page after page of jargon		
3)	I love dipping into it from time to time to check dates and that sort of thing		
4)	I read her last one from cover to cover in one day		
5)	There's a brilliant twist at the end		
6)	It's too high-brow - far too intellectual for my taste		
7)	It's only light reading but some or the articles can be quite informative		
8)	Some chapters were fairly heavy-going .		
9)	Make sure you read the small print before signing		
	I read it and re-read it but I couldn't make head nor tail of it		
	I gave up after about fifty pages. I just couldn't get into it .		
	You have to be patient at the beginning. It takes a while to get going .		
	It's gripping , absolutely riveting , right to the very end		
14)	I just couldn't put it down until I'd finished it		
	It's full of interesting tit-bits about history		
16)	16) It's unputdownable . I'm sure it's going to be a real blockbuster		
17)	It's a good read every month		
18)	It's a must for anyone going there		

Note: If a book is very intellectual, you describe it as high-brow. If it is full of gossip and trivial information, it is low-brow.

in the s	ituations below:				
a)	reading between the lines	c)	very well read	e)	an open book
b)	read too much into it	d)	turn over a new leaf	f)	judge a book by its cover
Karen i	s very interesting, isn't she? If you	want to l	know anything, ask her.		
> Oh ye	es. She's		·		
Jim, wh	ny can you never find anything on	your desk	?		
> Becau	use I'm naturally untidy! I know. I	m going t			I promise!
Brenda	completely ignored me this morn	ing. I mus	st have put my foot in it yesterd	lay.	
> She's	just not in a good mood at the mo	ment, tha	ıt's all. I wouldn't		·
What I	like about Susanna is her opennes	s and hor	nesty.		
Yes, wh	at you see is what you get. She's _			·	
> Exception doubts	ody seems to be happy with the ide of Jack. He said he wasn't agains about her. ompletely wrong about our new Pr	t the idea	, but,		
	you know what they say: Never			_	have we got here:
Look ba	ack at the idioms and fill in the mi	ssing nou	ns:		
	ning over a new	<u> </u>	 I can't make hea	ıd nor	of this.
	got to read between the		I didn't read the	small	·
•	a of tripe.		It takes a	to get	going.
-	t from cover to		Never judge a bo	ook by its	·
Ways	of reading				
Put eac	h of the following words or phrase	s into its	correct place in the sentences b	elow.	
a)	browse	e)	peruse	i)	skip
b)	dip into	f)	read from cover to cover	j)	wade through
c)	flip through	g)	refer to		
d)	look up	h)	skim		
I spend	a lot of time in bookshops. I don't	often bu	y books. I just		
If I com	e to a boring bit in a book, I just _		a few pages till the real stor	y starts again	l .

The metaphors of reading and books are important in a number of common, idiomatic expressions. Use these expressions

I'll his number in the phone-boo	ık.			
I didn't know the word. I had to	a dictionary.			
Of course an encyclopedia is not a book you $_$	You just it for things that interest you.			
I never liked history at school. I found it very	hard to all that boring stuff about wars and revolutions.			
We have requested our lawyers to the document with the greatest care to decide whether it's legal or not.				
Some people have the ability to a page, which means to read it very quickly, just taking in the main points.				
I sometimes a magazine in a new	wsagent's but I don't usually buy one.			

Usag€

Using one or more items from the list above, explain how you use each of the following.

E.g. a novel

If it's good, I read it from cover to cover, but sometimes I skip long, descriptive passages.

a) an atlas

d) a magazine

g) a newspaper

b) a dictionary

e) an encyclopedia

h) a car maintenance manual

c) a guidebook

f) a photograph album

i) a contract

Are most of the things you read high-brow or low-brow'?

Additional

Answer the questions below from the following list of parts of a book.

1) acknowledgements

5) contents

9) dedication

2) 'blurb'

6) footnotes

10) frontispiece

3) key

7) chronology

11) index

4) glossary

8) appendix

12) bibliography

In what part of a book would you look to find. . .

- (a) ... answers to exercise questions?
- (b) ... who supplied the photographs or helped with special research?
- (c) ... quickly what the book is about?
- (d) ... meanings of foreign or technical expressions used in the text?
- (e) ... on what page a person, place or event is mentioned?
- (f) ... if the book was written for a particular person?
- (g) ... extra information about something mentioned in the main text?
- (h) ... what other books have been written on the same subject?
- (i) ... a picture of the author or the subject of the book?
- (j) ... how the book is organized in chapters?
- (k) ... a convenient list of the dates and events of the period covered in the book?



Top Ten clichés

- I **spend half of my life** read**ing** books.
- Fantasy books, science fiction, detective stories (or whodunits), short stories and poems help you to create a world of your own, a world outside time.
- However, I would say that *factual books* (such as *textbooks* at schools, *encyclopedias*, *dictionaries*, *guidebooks*, *biographies*, *Who's Who*) help you to **form a picture of the world** around you, and they are an **excellent way of communicating lots of information**.
- I suppose everybody would agree that reading is really important, as you **learn to visualize things**, and it helps you to **expand your horizons**, to **learn to use your imagination**, and it is an **efficient way of expanding your knowledge** as well.
- Reading a book can **open up your mind** and even **help you to think in a different way**.
- My favorite writer is XY, he writes in a very unique style; however, his new book was a disappointment.
- By reading books you'll learn to visualize things in your own way.
- Unfortunately, reading is **getting less and less popular**, mostly because of **the increasing influence of** TV.
- I would say I'm a **bookworm**.
- The book I last read was a real eye-opener.

Exercise 1. Now, after all this practice, look for their English equivalent:

a)	könyvmoly (ti. aki mindig csak olvas):
b)	szélesíti a látókörödet:
c)	egyre kevésbé népszerűek:
d)	csalódás volt:
e)	nagyon egyedi stílusa van:
f)	segít elképzelni a dolgokat:
g)	használd a képzelőerődet:
h)	felnyitja a szemed:
i)	fél életemet olvasással töltöm:

Exercise 2.

- I spend (1) of my life reading books.
books, science fiction, detective stories (or(2)), short stories and poems help you to
create a world of your(3), a world(4) time.
$\hbox{-} However, I would say that factual books (such as textbooks at schools, encyclopaedias, dictionaries,$
guidebooks, biographies, Who's Who) help you to (5) a picture of the world around you, and
they are an excellent way of(6) lots of information.
- I suppose everybody (7) agree that reading is really important, as you learn to visualise
things, and it helps you to(8) your horizons, to learn to(9) your imagination, and it is
an (10) way of expanding your knowledge as well.
- Reading a book can open up your (11) and even help you to think (12) a different way.
- My favourite writer is XY, he writes in a very (13) style, however, his new book was a
(14), I didn't like it at all.
- Unfortunately, reading is (15) less and less popular, mostly because of the increasing
(16) of TV.
- I would say I'm a bookworm.
- The book I last read was a real eye(17).
Exercise 3. Match the pairs

1. hangosan felolvas	a) She hadn't even made the effort to read my report through before the meeting.
2. na ide figyelj!	b) When I read back what I'd written, I understood why he'd been offended.
3. tájékozódni bizonyos témakörben	c) Read my lips. You're not having any more ice-cream.
4. átolvas/ellenőriz	d) He read out the names of the winners.
5. meg kell tanulnod a sorok között olvasni	e) It would be stupid to read too much into anything she says.
6. gondolatolvasó (2 megoldás)	f) 'How about a drink, then?' 'You read my mind, Kev.'
7. felolvasni vmit hangosan	g) He was told to read up on world affairs before the interview.
8. belemagyaráz vmibe vmit	h) I read over my essay to check for errors.
9. visszaolvas/újraolvas	i) The news said he resigned as he was ill, but you have to learn to read between the lines.
10. olvasok benned, mint egy könyvben	j) If something's bothering you, then tell me. I'm not a mind-reader, you know!
11. végigolvas vmit	k) You're bored, aren't you? I can read you like a book.

1)	5)	9)
2)	6)	10)
3)	7)	11)
4)	8)	