Lideral Meanîngs - Fill in the following words in the definitions below:
wade jargon cover leaf tripe dip load twist print grip

1. Another word for a page in a book is a $\qquad$ -.
2. Before getting into a bath, to test the temperature, you $\qquad$ your toes into the water.
3. If you are walking in water which is knee-deep, you $\qquad$ through it.
4. The outside part of a book is called the $\qquad$ .
5. I don't like mountain roads. They $\qquad$ and turn very sharply.
6. Something which is written in $\qquad$ uses too many difficult or technical words for no good reason.
7. Another word for a lot of is a $\qquad$ of.
8. People with poor eyesight can get special books which use large $\qquad$ .
9. When you cook the stomach of a cow, it is called $\qquad$ .
10. Hold on to something very tightly and you $\qquad$ it.

## Jus尹 aload of \#répe!

Match the comments with these different kinds of reading material:
a, a novel
b, a reference book
c, a teenage magazine
d, a legal document


1) My boyfriend thinks it's just a load of tripe! $\qquad$
2) I had to wade through page after page of jargon. $\qquad$
3) I love dipping into it from time to time to check dates and that sort of thing. $\qquad$
4) I read her last one from cover to cover in one day. $\qquad$
5) There's a brilliant twist at the end. $\qquad$
6) It's too high-brow - far too intellectual for my taste. $\qquad$
7) It's only light reading but some or the articles can be quite informative. $\qquad$
8) Some chapters were fairly heavy-going. $\qquad$
9) Make sure you read the small print before signing. $\qquad$
10) I read it and re-read it but I couldn't make head nor tail of it. $\qquad$
11) I gave up after about fifty pages. I just couldn't get into it. $\qquad$
12) You have to be patient at the beginning. It takes a while to get going. $\qquad$
13) It's gripping, absolutely riveting, right to the very end. $\qquad$
14) I just couldn't put it down until I'd finished it. $\qquad$
15) It's full of interesting tit-bits about history. $\qquad$
16) It's unputdownable. I'm sure it's going to be a real blockbuster. $\qquad$
17) It's a good read every month. $\qquad$
18) It's a must for anyone going there. $\qquad$
Nofe: If a book is very intellectual, you describe it as high-brow. If it is full of gossip and trivial information, it is lowbrow.

The metaphors of reading and books are important in a number of common, idiomatic expressions. Use these expressions in the situations below:
a) reading between the lines
c) very well read
e) an open book
b) read too much into it
d) turn over a new leaf
f) judge a book by its cover

Karen is very interesting, isn't she? If you want to know anything, ask her.
$>$ Oh yes. She's $\qquad$ —.

Jim, why can you never find anything on your desk?
> Because I'm naturally untidy! I know. I'm going to $\qquad$ I promise!

Brenda completely ignored me this morning. I must have put my foot in it yesterday.
> She's just not in a good mood at the moment, that's all. I wouldn't $\qquad$ .

What I like about Susanna is her openness and honesty.
Yes, what you see is what you get. She's $\qquad$ .

Everybody seems to be happy with the idea of Isabel joining our group.
> Except Jack. He said he wasn't against the idea, but, $\qquad$ . I think he's got his doubts about her.

I was completely wrong about our new Press Officer. When I saw the pigtail, I thought, "What have we got here?" >Well, you know what they say: Never $\qquad$ —.

Look back at the idioms and fill in the missing nouns:
I'm turning over a new $\qquad$ .

You've got to read between the $\qquad$ .

It's just a $\qquad$ of tripe.

I read it from cover to $\qquad$ .

I can't make head nor $\qquad$ of this.
I didn't read the small $\qquad$ .
It takes a $\qquad$ to get going.

Never judge a book by its $\qquad$ .
I read it from cover to

## Ways of reading

Put each of the following words or phrases into its correct place in the sentences below.
a) browse
e) peruse
i) skip
b) dip into
f) read from cover to cover
j) wade through
c) flip through
g) refer to
d) look up
h) skim

I spend a lot of time in bookshops. I don't often buy books. I just $\qquad$ .

If I come to a boring bit in a book, I just $\qquad$ a few pages till the real story starts again.

I'll $\qquad$ his number in the phone-book.
I didn't know the word. I had to $\qquad$ a dictionary.
Of course an encyclopedia is not a book you $\qquad$ . You just $\qquad$ it for things that interest you.

I never liked history at school. I found it very hard to $\qquad$ all that boring stuff about wars and revolutions.

We have requested our lawyers to $\qquad$ the document with the greatest care to decide whether it's legal or not.
Some people have the ability to $\qquad$ a page, which means to read it very quickly, just taking in the main points. I sometimes $\qquad$ a magazine in a newsagent's but I don't usually buy one.

## Usage

Using one or more items from the list above, explain how you use each of the following.
E.g. a novel $\Rightarrow$ If it's good, I read it from cover to cover, but sometimes I skip long, descriptive passages.
a) an atlas
d) a magazine
g) a newspaper
b) a dictionary
e) an encyclopedia
h) a car maintenance manual
c) a guidebook
f) a photograph album
i) a contract

Are most of the things you read high-brow or low-brow'?

## Addifional

Answer the questions below from the following list of parts of a book.

1) acknowledgements
2) contents
3) dedication
4) 'blurb'
5) footnotes
6) frontispiece
7) key
8) chronology
9) index
10) glossary
11) appendix
12) bibliography

In what part of a book would you look to find. . .
(a) ... answers to exercise questions?
(b) ... who supplied the photographs or helped with special research?
(c) ... quickly what the book is about?
(d) ... meanings of foreign or technical expressions used in the text?
(e) ... on what page a person, place or event is mentioned?
(f) ... if the book was written for a particular person?
(g) ... extra information about something mentioned in the main text?
(h) ... what other books have been written on the same subject?

(i) ... a picture of the author or the subject of the book?
(j) ... how the book is organized in chapters?
(k) ... a convenient list of the dates and events of the period covered in the book?

## Top Ten clichés

- I spend half of my life reading books.
- Fantasy books, science fiction, detective stories (or whodunits), short stories and poems help you to create a world of your own, a world outside time.
- However, I would say that factual books (such as textbooks at schools, encyclopedias, dictionaries, guidebooks, biographies, Who's Who) help you to form a picture of the world around you, and they are an excellent way of communicating lots of information.
- I suppose everybody would agree that reading is really important, as you learn to visualize things, and it helps you to expand your horizons, to learn to use your imagination, and it is an efficient way of expanding your knowledge as well.
- Reading a book can open up your mind and even help you to think in a different way.
- My favorite writer is XY, he writes in a very unique style; however, his new book was a


## disappointment.

- By reading books you'll learn to visualize things in your own way.
- Unfortunately, reading is getting less and less popular, mostly because of the increasing influence of TV.
- I would say I'm a bookworm.
- The book I last read was a real eye-opener.


Exercise 1. Now, after all this practice, look for their English equivalent:
a) könyvmoly (ti. aki mindig csak olvas) : $\qquad$
b) szélesíti a látókörödet: $\qquad$
c) egyre kevésbé népszerűek: $\qquad$
d) csalódás volt: $\qquad$
e) nagyon egyedi stílusa van: $\qquad$
f) segít elképzelni a dolgokat: $\qquad$
g) használd a képzelőerődet: $\qquad$
h) felnyitja a szemed: $\qquad$
i) fél életemet olvasással töltöm: $\qquad$

## Exercise 2.

- I spend $\qquad$ (1) of my life reading books.
- $\qquad$ books, science fiction, detective stories (or $\qquad$ (2)), short stories and poems help you to create a world of your $\qquad$ (3), a world $\qquad$ (4) time.
- However, I would say that factual books (such as textbooks at schools, encyclopaedias, dictionaries, guidebooks, biographies, Who's Who) help you to $\qquad$ (5) a picture of the world around you, and they are an excellent way of $\qquad$ (6) lots of information.
- I suppose everybody $\qquad$ (7) agree that reading is really important, as you learn to visualise things, and it helps you to $\qquad$ (8) your horizons, to learn to $\qquad$ (9) your imagination, and it is an $\qquad$ (10) way of expanding your knowledge as well.
- Reading a book can open up your $\qquad$ (11) and even help you to think $\qquad$ (12) a different way.
- My favourite writer is XY, he writes in a very $\qquad$ (13) style, however, his new book was a
___(14), I didn't like it at all.
- Unfortunately, reading is $\qquad$ (15) less and less popular, mostly because of the increasing _(16) of TV.
- I would say I'm a bookworm.
- The book I last read was a real eye- $\qquad$ (17).

Exercise 3. Match the pairs


| 1. hangosan felolvas | a) She hadn't even made the effort to read my report through before the <br> meeting. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2. na ide figyelj! | b) When I read back what I'd written, I understood why he'd been offended. |
| 3. tájékozódni bizonyos témakörben | c) Read my lips. You're not having any more ice-cream. |
| 4. átolvas/ellenőriz | d) He read out the names of the winners. |
| 5. meg kell tanulnod a sorok között <br> olvasni | e) It would be stupid to read too much into anything she says. |
| 6. gondolatolvasó (2 megoldás) | f) 'How about a drink, then?' 'You read my mind, Kev.' |
| 7. felolvasni vmit hangosan | g) He was told to read up on world affairs before the interview. |
| 8. belemagyaráz vmibe vmit | h) I read over my essay to check for errors. |
| 9. visszaolvas/újraolvas | i) The news said he resigned as he was ill, but you have to learn to read |
| between the lines. |  |
| 10. olvasok benned, mint egy könyvben | j) If something's bothering you, then tell me. I'm not a mind-reader, you |
| know! |  |
| 11. végigolvas vmit | k) You're bored, aren't you? I can read you like a book. |

1) $\qquad$
2) $\qquad$
3) $\qquad$
4) $\qquad$
5) $\qquad$
6) $\qquad$
7) $\qquad$
8) $\qquad$
9) $\qquad$
10) $\qquad$
11) $\qquad$
